SAMPLE QUESTION BANK

Subject: Internet & Voice Communication

Subject Code: ETC803

1		
	Which of these is incorrect about User Datagram Protocol?	2
a.	It ensures flow control	
	UDP uses port numbers	
C.	UDP uses port numbers to perform process-to-process communication	
<u>d</u> .	It is a connectionless protocol	-
2.	What is the length of IPv4 IP address?	1
a.	8 bits	
b.	64 bits	
с.	16 bits	
	32 bits	
3.	What is the full form of UDP?	1
a.	User Datagram Protocol	
b.	User Data Protocol	
C.	User Datafield Protocol	
	User Differentiation Protocol	
4.	Which port number is used by HTTP?	1
	a. 70	
	b. 80	
	c. 90	
	d. 100	
5.	Which of these is not a component of the SMTP architecture?	2
	a. user agent	
	b. message transfer agent	
	c. request line	
	d. message access agent	
6.	Which of these statements are incorrect?	2
	a. HTTP supports proxy servers	
	b. A proxy server acts only as a server and not as a client	
	c. HTTP's functioning is equivalent to the combination of FTP & SMTP	
	d. HTTP is considered a stateless protocol	
7.	Which of this statement is incorrect?	2
	a. SMTP is a pull protocol	
	b. The range of SMTP is till receiver's mail server	
	c. SMTP transfers files (e-mail messages) from one mail server to another	
	d. In SMTP, the TCP connection is initiated by the machine that wants to send	
	the file	
8.	Which of these protocols use UDP at transport layer?	2
	a. SMTP	
	b. FTP	
	c. SSH	
	d. TFTP	
9.	Which of the following statement is incorrect about reliability of TCP?	2
	a. TCP provides reliability using error control	
	b. TCP helps in detecting and discarding duplicated segments	

c. TCP help in storing out-of-order segments until missing segments arrive	
d. TCP helps in detecting corrupted segments through checksum calcu	lation
but doesn't resend the corrupted segments again	
10. Which of the following statement is incorrect?	2
a. RST segment is sent by TCP from sending or receiving device if the dev	vice
discovers that the TCP on the other side has been idle for a long time	
b. During connection establishment, the sequence number of device wanting	ng to
establish connection remains the same and only increments when the dat	ta
transfer process starts	
c. TCP is a connection-oriented protocol	
d. A TCP connection is physical not virtual	
11. When is RST field set in TCP header?	2
a. While transferring the data segment from sender to receiver	
b. To terminate an idle connection	
c. For synchronization of sequence numbers	
d. When the sending application program tells the sending TCP that the pie	ece of
data is urgent.	
12. Which of the following statement is incorrect?	2
a. The acknowledgement number field in the TCP header stores the set	
acknowledgement value and not the cumulative acknowledgement v	alue
b. Acknowledgement numbers define the number of the next byte that the o	client
(or server) expects to receive	
c. Acknowledgement numbers are cumulative by nature	
d. The acknowledgement number field in the TCP header stores the cumula	ative
acknowledgement value and not the selective acknowledgement value	
13. Which of the following statement is incorrect?	2
a. Flow control balances the rate a producer creates data with the rate a con	
can use the data	
b. Flow control tells the sender how much data it can transmit before it mus	st wait
for an acknowledgement from the receiver	
c. Flow control concentrates on the feedback sent from the receiving TCP t	to the
sending TCP	
d. The opening, closing and shrinking of the sender window is controlle	ed by
the sender itself	
14. Which layer of the OSI model defines the direction of transmission between two	1
devices?	
a. Network layer	
b. Data link layer	
c. Physical layer	
d. Transport layer	
15. Which address is used in the transport layer?	1
a. Port address	
b. IP address	
c. Application specific address	
d. Physical address	
16. Which of the following statement is incorrect?	2
a. When client and DHCP server are in two different networks, the client	ents
directly sends a unicast request to the server	
b. A broadcast IP datagram cannot pass through any router as a router received	iving
such a packet discards it.	

c. When a relay agent receives a broadcasted packet, it encapsulates the message	
in a unicast datagram and sends the request to the DHCP server	
d. The relay agent knows the unicast address of a DHCP server and listens for	
broadcast messages on port 67	
17. Which field in the DHCP packet format is set by the client and is used to match a reply	2
with the request?	-
a. Hop count	
b. Transaction ID	
c. Flag	
d. Hardware type	
18. www.abcd.com. is an example of	2
a. Fully Qualified Domain Name	
b. Flat domain name	
c. Partially Qualified Domain Name	
d. IP address	
19. Which device maps an address to a domain name or a name to an address?	1
a. Root server	1
b. Primary server	
c. Resolver	
d. Secondary server	
20. Which type of ICMP error reporting message is created if a router cannot route a	2
datagram or a host cannot deliver a datagram to a particular destination	2
a. Destination unreachable	
b. Source quench	
c. Time exceeded	
d. Parameter problems	
21. In class A classful addressing, what is the length of netid?	1
a. 8 bits	
b. 16bits	
c. 24 bits	
d. 32 bits	
22. Which protocol is used to allow telephones on the public telephone n/w to	2
communicate with computers (called as terminals in H.323) connected to the internet?	
a. FTP	
b. SMTP	
c. SIP	
d. H.323	
23. Which well-known port number is used by SMTP?	1
a. 15	
b. 25	
c. 35	
d. 45	
24. Which of these is incorrect about a message access agent?	2
a. Message access agents are pull protocols	
b. SMTP is an example of message access agent	
c. Direction of the message is from server to client using a message access agent	
d. Message access agent Opens a connection to the server on TCP port 110	
25. Which layer of the OSI model is responsible for the source-to-destination delivery of a	2
packet?	

a. Data link layer	
b. Physical layer	
c. Network layer	
d. Transport layer	
26. What is the size of a UDP header?	2
a. 7 bytes	_
b. 8 bytes	
c. 6 bytes	
d. 5 bytes	
27. Which of these is not a function of message transfer agent?	2
a. Connection establishment	
b. Mail transfer	
c. Compose a mail	
d. Connection termination	
28. Which segment is not transmitted during TCP's connection establishment?	1
a. FIN	
b. SYN	
c. SYN+ACK	
d. ACK	
29. What is the length of port address?	2
a. 8 bits	
b. 16 bits	
c. 32 bits	
d. 64 bits	
30. Which field in the IP header is mostly used to control the maximum no. of hops (i.e.	1
routers) visited by the <i>datagram</i>	
a. Identification	
b. HLEN	
c. Flags	
d. Time to live	

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